

“Opportunities for Aluminium Components in Automotive Applications”

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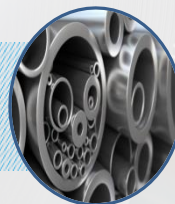


ALUMINIUM IN AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY

Aluminium in Automotive Industry



Rolled Products



Cast & Extruded Aluminium

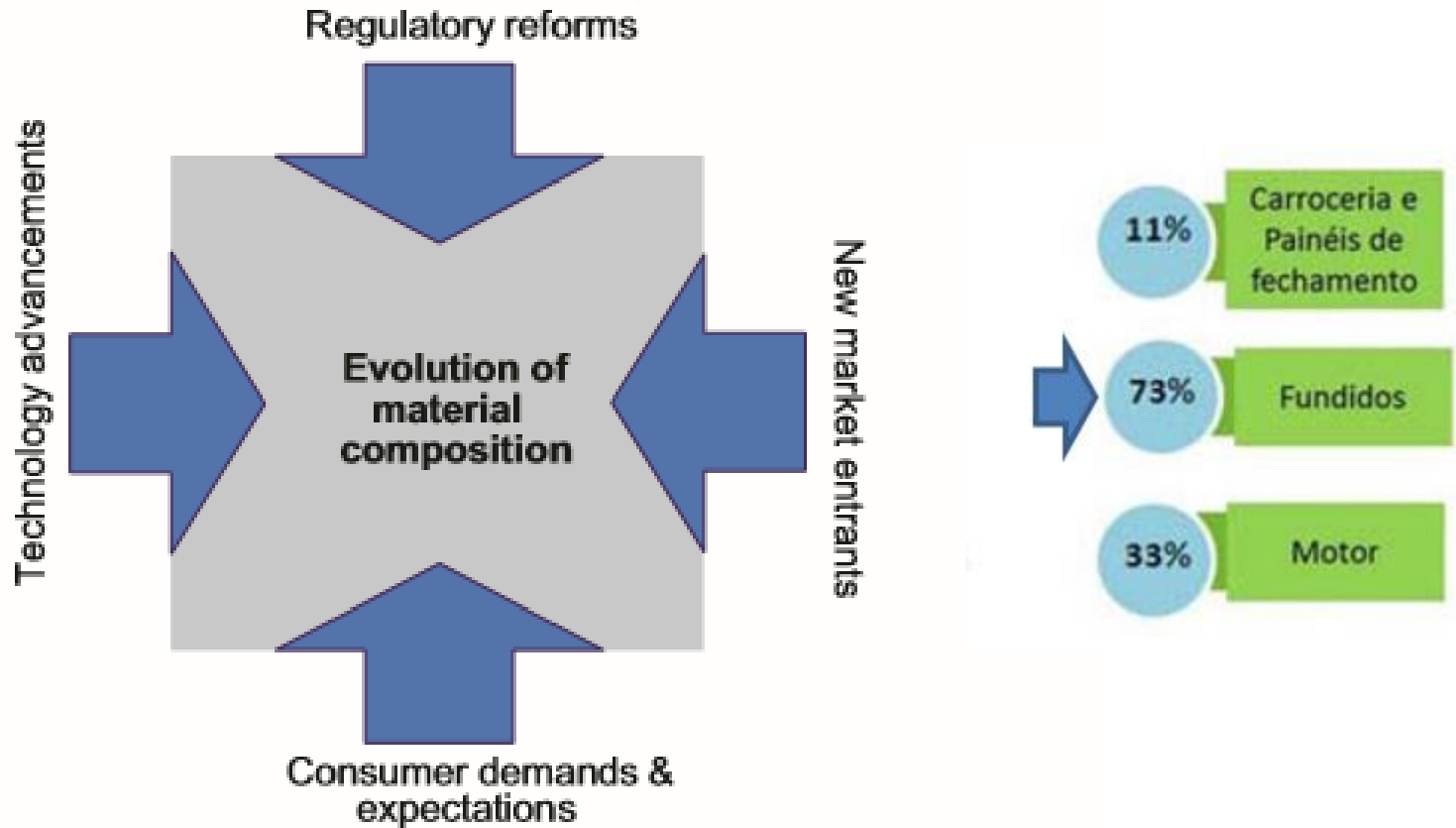


A worker in a red apron is working on the aluminum chassis of a car in a factory setting. The car is mounted on a production line, and the worker is using a tool to work on the rear section. The background shows industrial machinery and a blue-tinted environment.

ALUMINIUM IN AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY

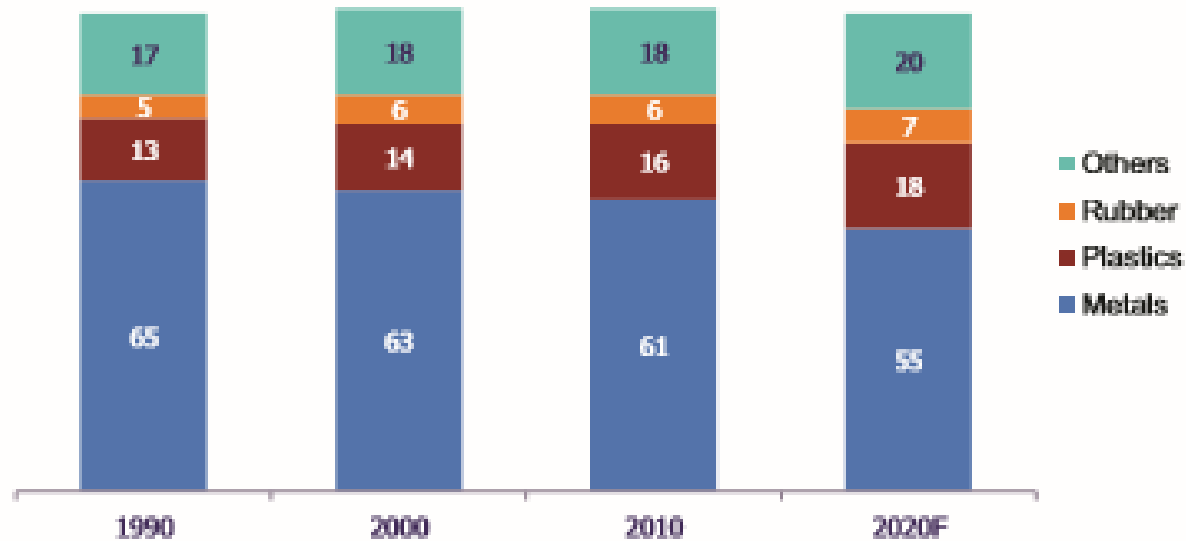
Material application strategy

Key drivers of material composition evolution



Material application strategy

Average material composition of a passenger vehicle
(%, 1990 – 2020F)



Source: A. T. Kearney, 2012

Note: Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%

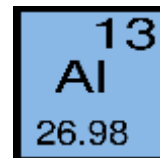
Aluminium in Automotive Industry

- ✓ The usage of aluminum in automobiles has been gradually increasing;
- ✓ Improves vehicle performance. Reduces CO2 emissions and Boosts fuel economy;
- ✓ Pound for pound, aluminum can absorb twice the crash energy of mild steel and it can provide a weight savings of up to 50 percent compared with the traditional mild steel structure. We must keep in mind that the AHSS evolution in the last years was impressive and it is economic competitive.

- ✓ Aluminum is the second-most used material in automobiles
- ✓ It has the potential to become the most-used, as new aluminum alloys are made to deliver more value than steel.
- ✓ At the end of a vehicle's life nearly 90 percent of the aluminum, on average, is recycled.



+



=

**Better
performance
and new
possibilities**

Aluminium in Automotive Industry

From mass-market vehicles like the Ford F-150 to luxury cars like Audi, Mercedes Benz and Land Rover, aluminum is increasingly the “material of choice” for automakers thanks to its strength and environmental advantages.



Ford's F-150 pickup truck. Aluminum accounts for roughly 25% of the curb weight of the 2015 F-150.

Material application strategy

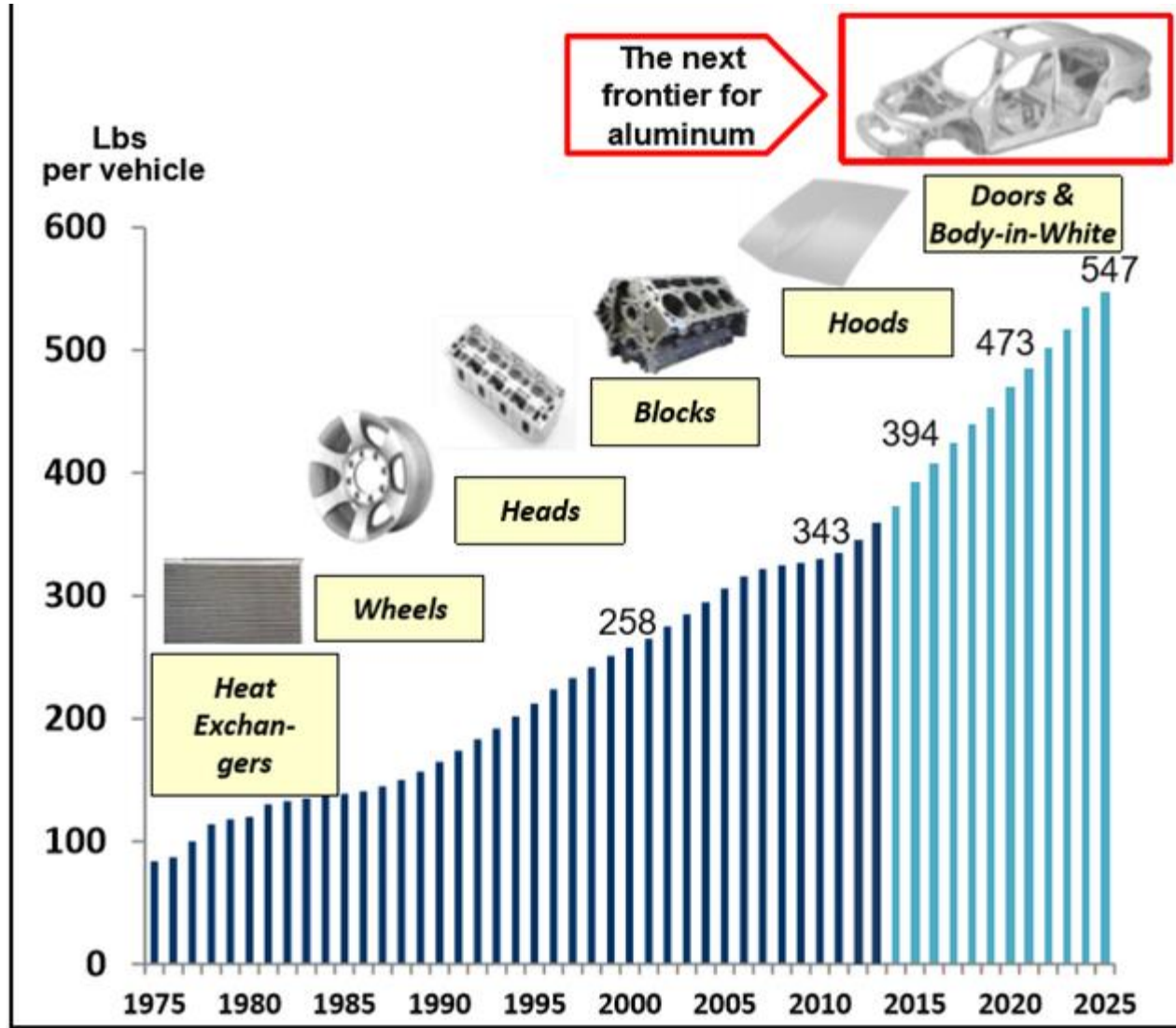
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			Lamborghini Aventador	Sports Cars

Source: ENDAG, 2012

Note: Weight reduction and cost figures are as per the 2012 research study by ENDAG that determined maximum feasible weight reduction in passenger vehicles using 2011 Honda Accord as its baseline vehicle.

Accelerating Aluminum use in Automotive



Growth

Rio de Janeiro, 1993



Xangai, 1993

(sem metrô)

Rio de Janeiro, 2013



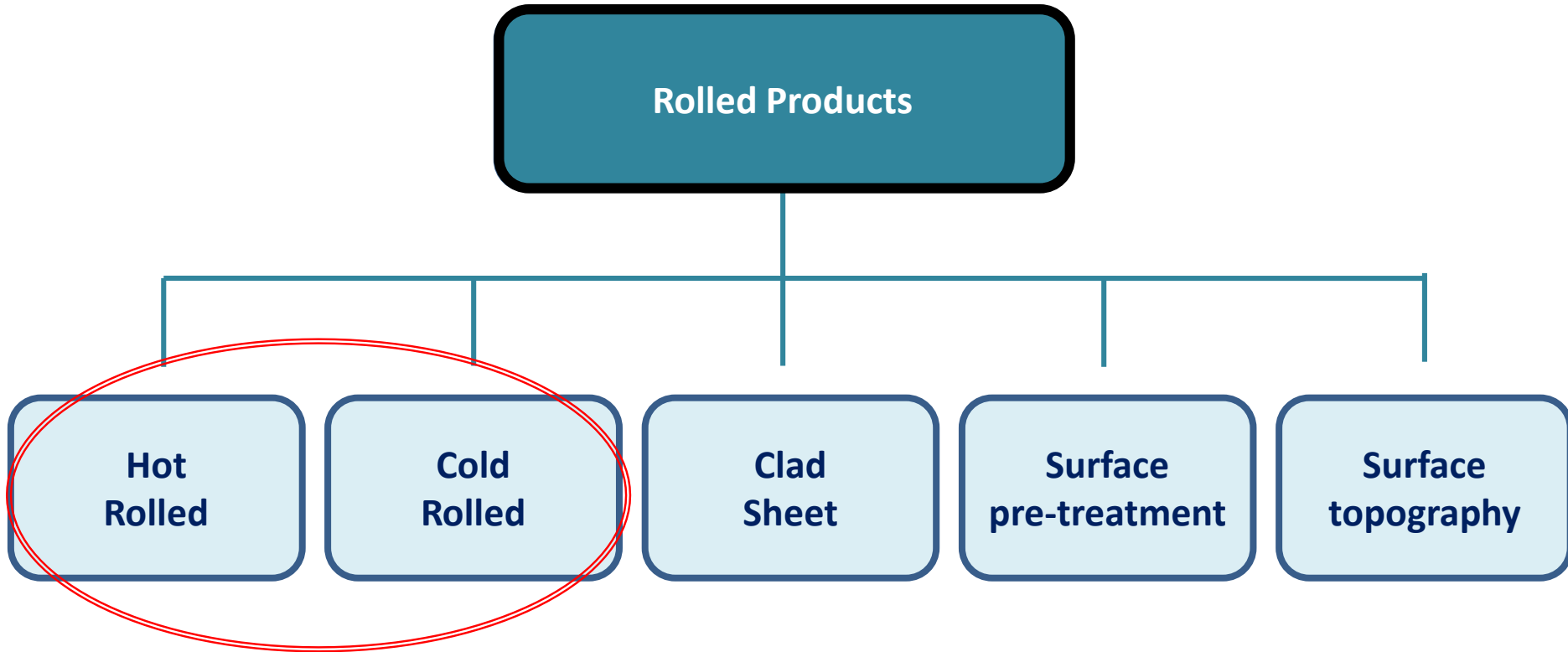
Xangai, 2013





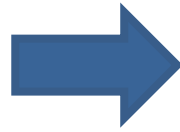
ROLLED PRODUCTS

Rolled Products



Automotive applications

- Rolled products:
 - Plate;
 - Sheet;
 - Foil;
 - Welded tubes.



The second largest fraction of aluminium in automobile applications.

- Weight reduction.
- Enhancement of part performance.



DC rear axle cradle

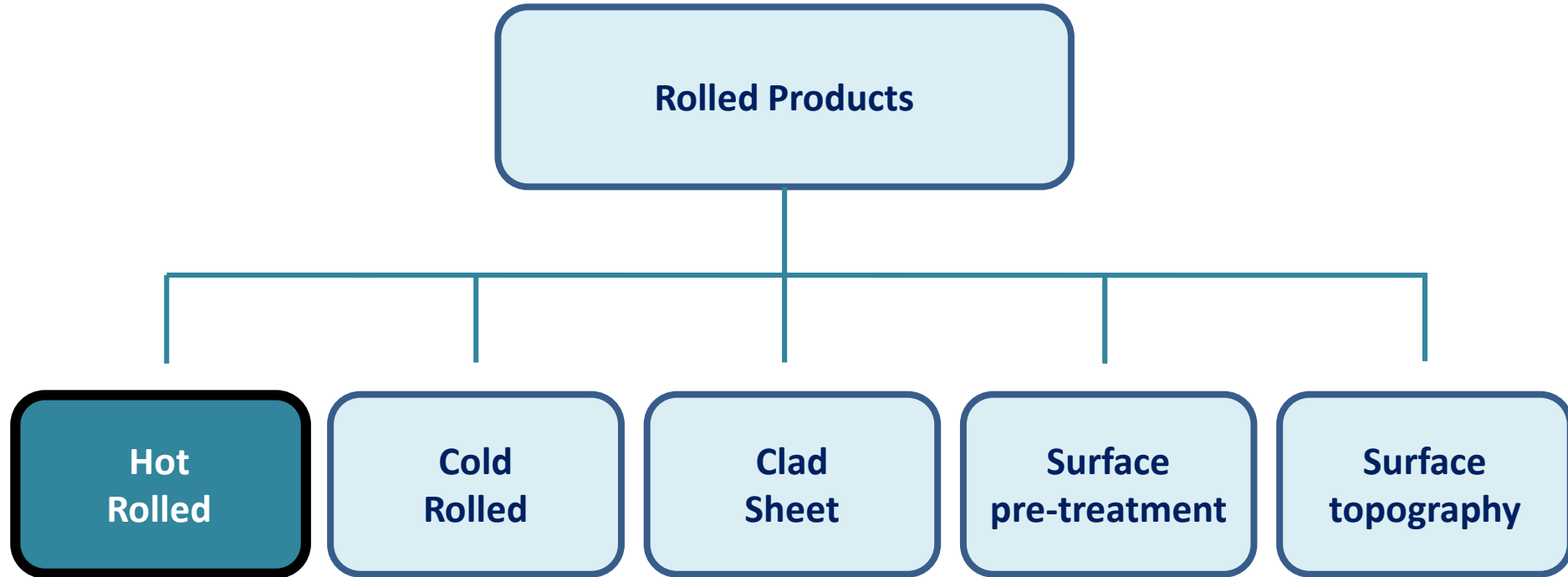


BMW fabricated wheel

Special alloys and tempers have been developed and are in use that provides the properties needed to meet the specific quality requirements of the various parts.

Sheet products are provided with special surface topographies, claddings as well as with pretreatments for lubrication, joining and painting by coil coating processes.

Rolled Products



Hot Rolled

- ✓ Sheet can be processed directly to final gauge by hot rolling.
- ✓ This process is very economical, but available alloys and tempers are limited.
- ✓ Dimensional tolerances: typically ± 0.30 to ± 0.40 mm.

- **Structural parts**

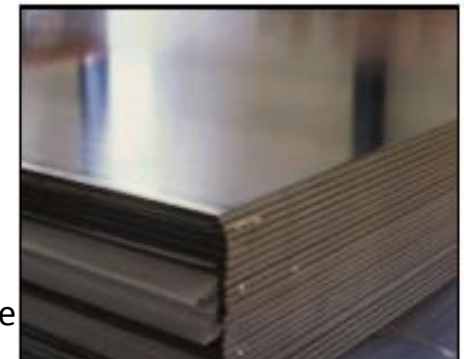
- Wheel Stock
- Suspension components
- Body reinforcements



Longitudinal coil shearing

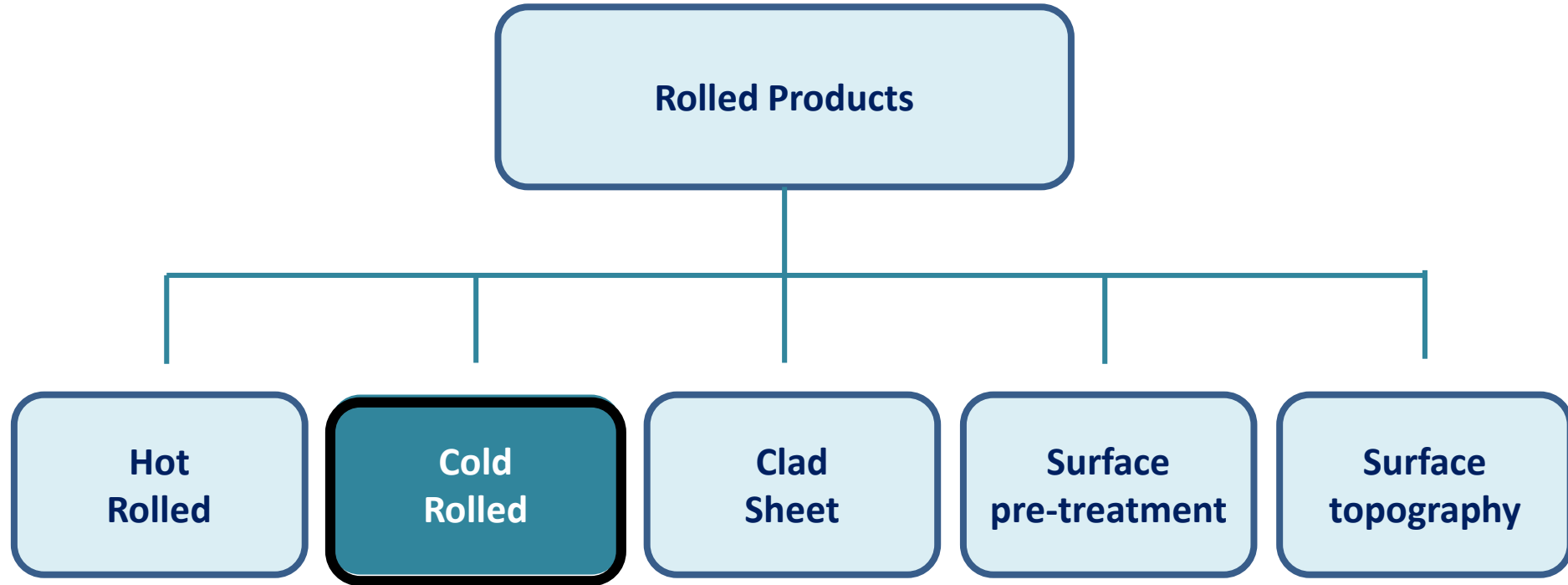


Hot rolled coil



Hot rolled plate

Rolled Products



Cold Rolled

- Cold rolled products are sheet or plate, where the final gauge is processed by cold rolling.
- Often additional annealing treatments are necessary to adjust the properties specified by customers.
- **Main characteristics**
 - Narrow tolerances on shape and dimensions.
 - Thickness tolerances - depend on the type of alloy, sheet or strip thickness range and rolling width, and are listed in standards EN 485-4.



The background of the image shows a complex industrial machine, likely a die casting or extrusion press, with various pistons, rods, and control knobs. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent blue filter. On the left side, there are several diagonal blue stripes of varying opacity, creating a modern, technical aesthetic.

CAST & EXTRUDED ALUMINIUM

Cast Aluminium

- ✓ Casting is a simple, inexpensive and versatile way of forming aluminum into a wide array of products.
- ✓ The automotive industry is the largest market for aluminum casting.
- ✓ Cast products make up more than half of the aluminum used in cars.
- ✓ Over 95% of the aluminum die-casting produced in the U.S is made from post-consumer recycled aluminum
- ✓ Automobile makers are now focusing on collaborating with the part die casting manufacturers in order to produce fuel-efficient and lightweight automobiles.



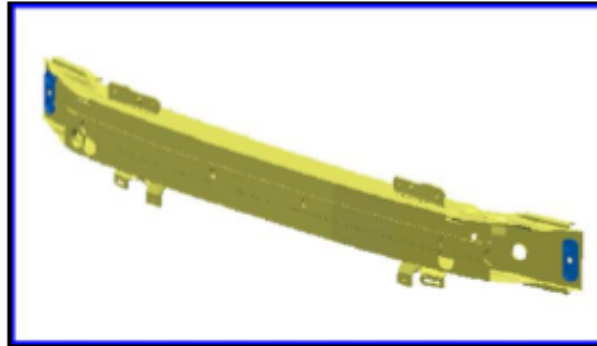
Car engine is produced through the aluminum casting process.



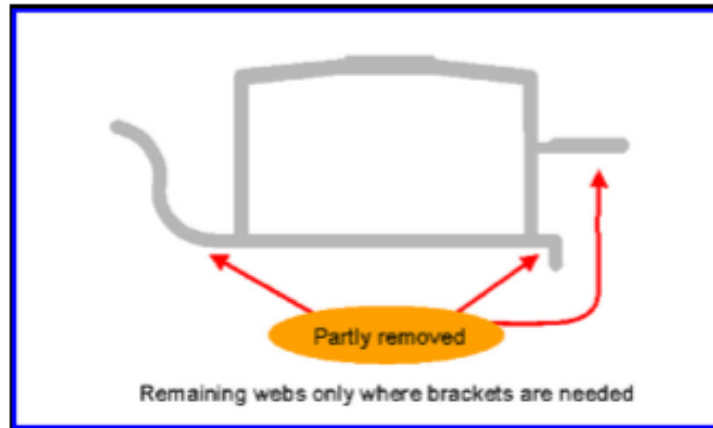
Cast aluminum transmission housings and pistons have been commonly used in cars and trucks since the early 1900s.

Extruded Aluminium

External webs can be used as brackets. Areas where the webs are not necessary can be removed. See bumper beam below.



A bumper beam, a formed hollow extrusion where webs are cut away in areas not necessary



Profile cut of the bumper beam

The background of the slide is a photograph of industrial machinery, likely a multi-spindle automatic lathe, with various metal parts, rods, and tool holders visible. A semi-transparent blue overlay covers the entire image, with a darker blue diagonal band on the left side. The text 'BIW APPLICATION' is centered in the lower right area of the image.

BIW APPLICATION

Main Applications

Overview of current BIW material composition strategies

BIW Material Mix	Weight Reduction (%/kg)	Increased Cost	OEMs/Models	Target Segment
AHSS-intensive	22% / 72.8	\$147	Hyundai Genesis Nissan Murano	Economy Sedans
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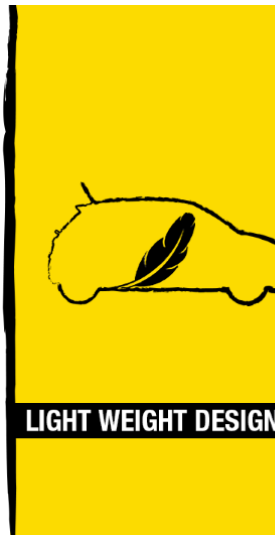
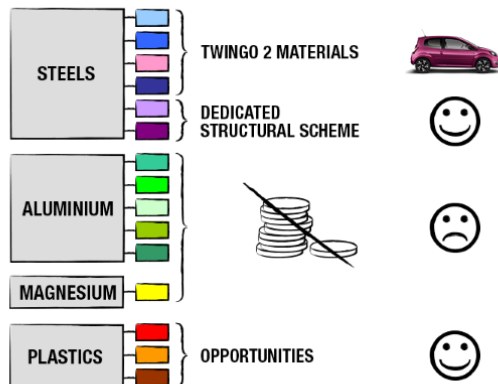
Source: ENDAG, 2012
 Note: Weight reduction and cost figures are as per the 2012 research study by ENDAG that determined maximum feasible weight reduction in passenger vehicles using 2011 Honda Accord as its baseline vehicle.

2. Material mix in the body-in-white including doors and closures

Based on metallurgical/chemical material classes

Materials: corresponding metallurgical classes		RGB colour code	%
Steels	Low Strength Steels: Mild steels	R 153, G 204, B 255	38
	High Strength Steels (HSS): High Strength Interstitial-free Steels (HSIF), Bake Hardening Steels (BH), High Strength Low Alloy Steels (HSLA)	R 051, G 102, B 255	43
	Advanced High Strength Steels (AHSS): Dual Phase Steels (DP), Transformation Induced Plasticity Steels (TRIP)	R 255, G 153, B 204	2
	Stainless steels: Austenitic stainless steels	R 051, G 051, B 153	
	Ultra High Strength Steels (UHSS): Complex Phase Steels (CP), Martensitic Steels (MS)	R 204, G 153, B 255	11
	Press Hardened Steels (PHS)	R 128, G 000, B 128	3
Aluminium	Aluminium sheets: 7xxx series	R 051, G 204, B 153	
	Aluminium sheets: 6xxx series	R 000, G 255, B 000	
	Aluminium sheets: 5xxx series	R 204, G 255, B 204	
	Aluminium extrusion profiles	R 153, G 204, B 000	
	Cast aluminium	R 051, G 153, B 102	
Magnesium		R 255, G 255, B 000	
Plastics	Fibre reinforced plastics	R 255, G 000, B 000	
	Duroplastics, including Sheet Molding Compound (SMC)	R 255, G 153, B 000	1
	Thermoplastics	R 153, G 051, B 000	2
Other materials, namely:		R 192, G 192, B 192	

BIW - WEIGHT SAVING STRATEGY

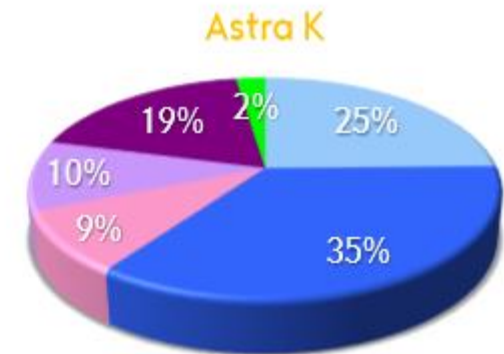
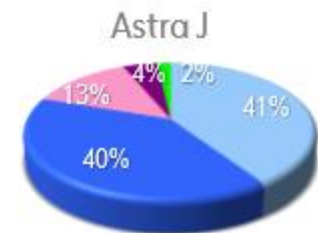
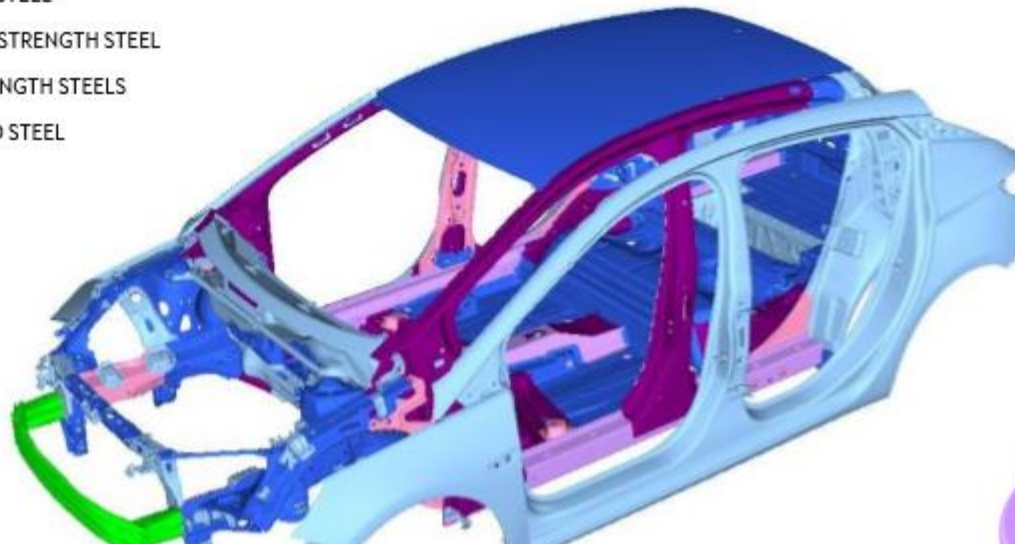


Main Applications

LIGHTWEIGHT – MATERIAL GRADES BODY



- MILD STEEL
- HIGHSTRENGTH STEEL
- ADVANCED HIGHSTRENGTH STEEL
- ULTRA HIGHSTRENGTH STEELS
- PRESS HARDENED STEEL
- ALUMINIUM



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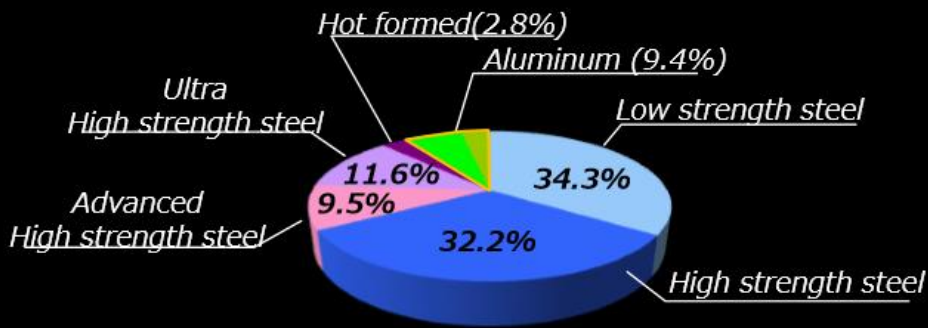
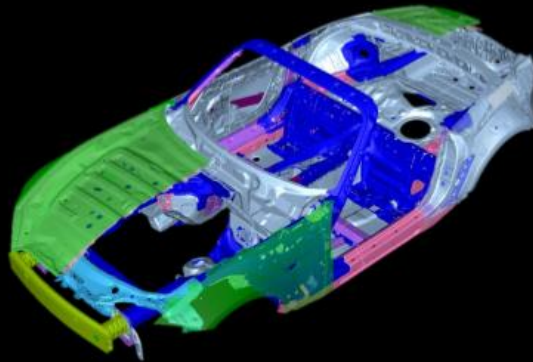
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Main Applications

Structural Evolution

Realization of Feeling of Lightness

➤ Realized Weight Reduction of -38.6 kg (WIB) .



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Feeling Car Responds Directly to your Intention

Kan Sensation



Feeling of Lightness

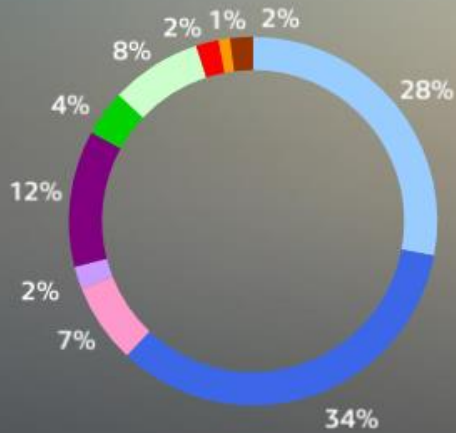


Feeling of Openness

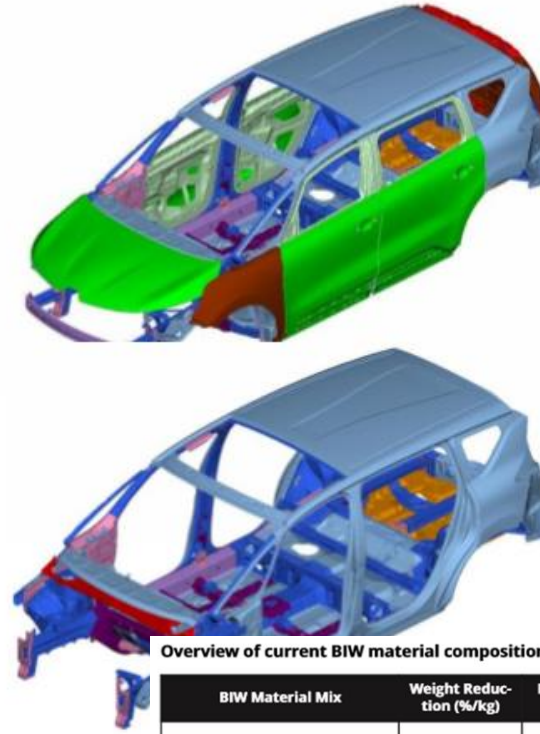
Main applications



Espace V BIW material mix



- Low strength steel
- High strength steel
- Advanced high strength steel
- Ultra high strength steel
- Press hardened steel
- Aluminium 6xxx series
- Aluminium 5xxx series
- Fibre reinforced plastic
- SMC
- TH PILASTIC



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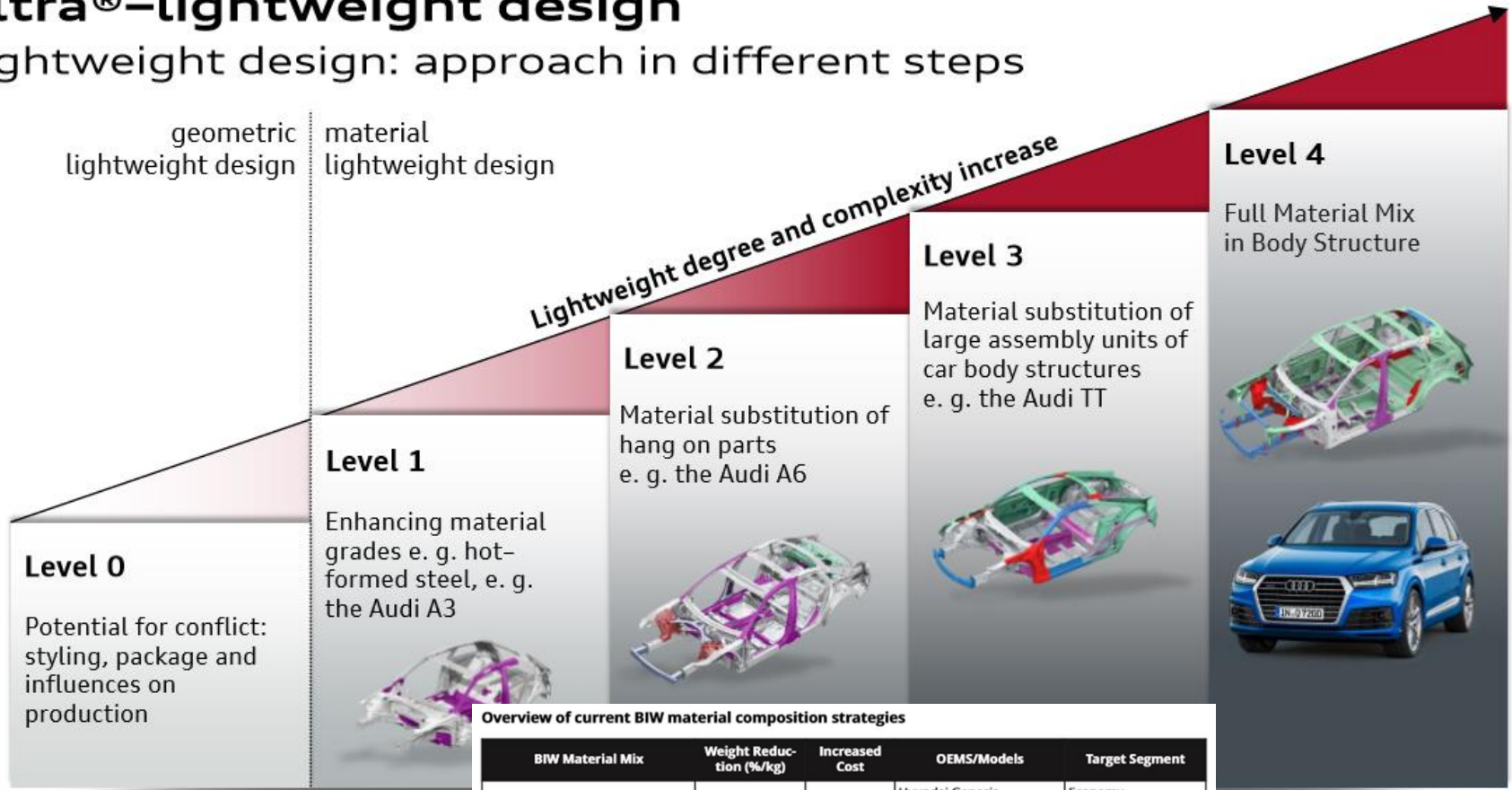
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Main applications

ultra[®]-lightweight design

Lightweight design: approach in different steps



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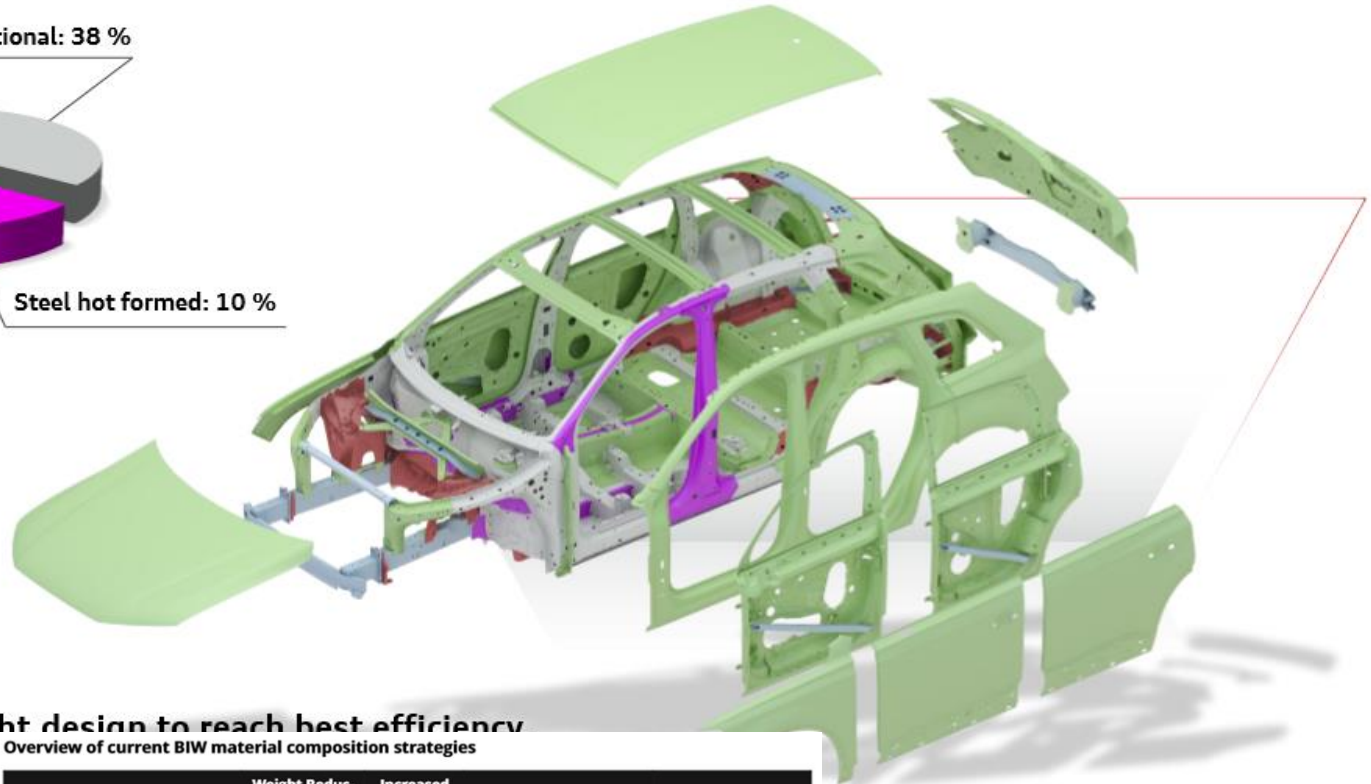
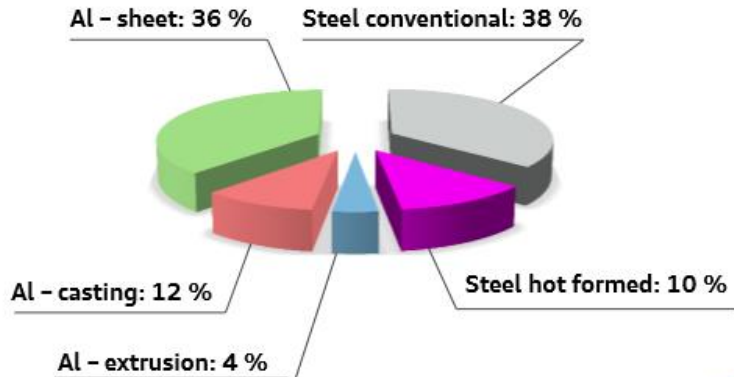
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Main applications

ultra®-lightweight design

Material mix details



Part based lightweight design to reach best efficiency

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Main applications



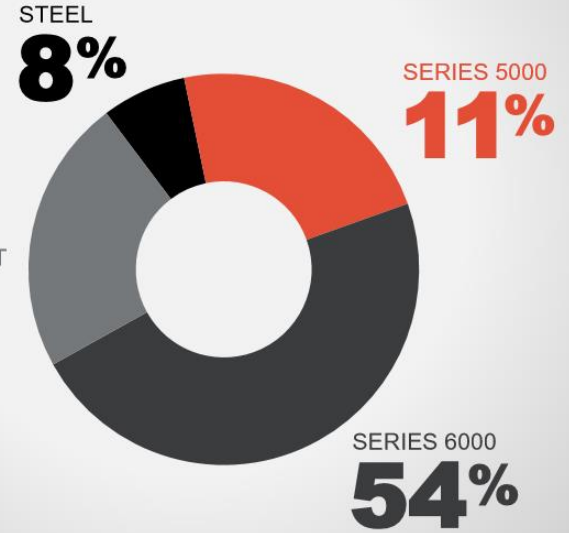
THE TRUTH ABOUT TRUCKS: SAFETY

The 2015 F-150 is the Toughest, Smartest, Most Capable and Safest F-150 Ever

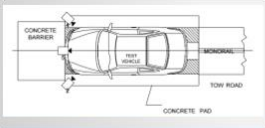


MATERIAL USAGE

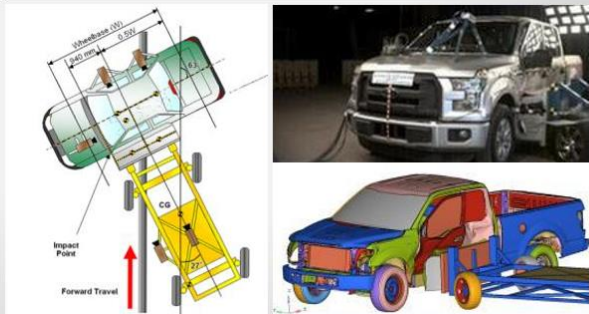
2015 F-150
Body Structure



FRONTAL CRASH



SIDE CRASH



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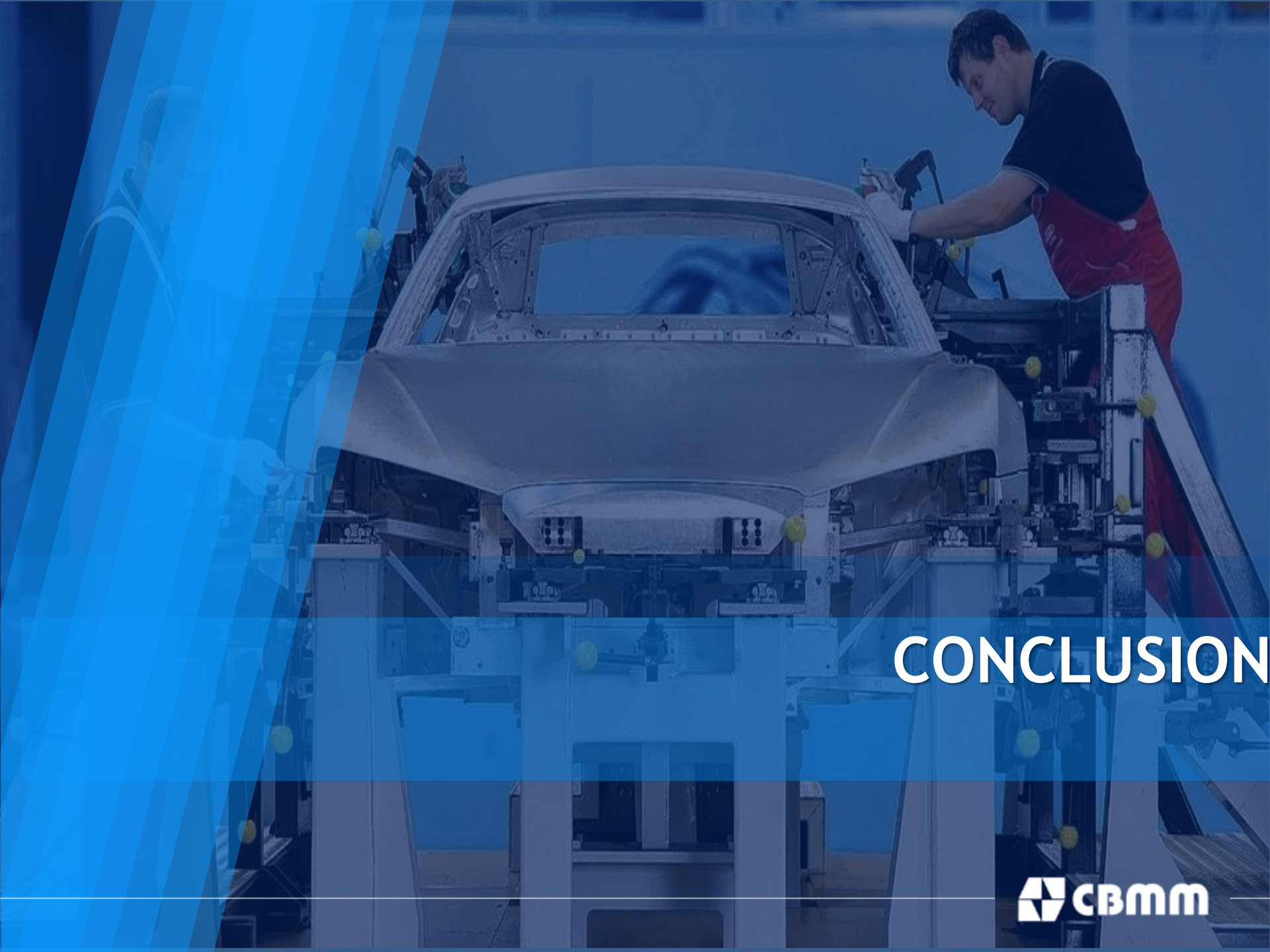
Transportation Sheet Products

CAB Body Sheet

- Ac-200 and AC-300 development status
 - Final development loops at Novelis
 - Technical data not yet available
- Key features
 - Very good formability
 - Skin quality
 - Uni-alloy concept
 - Bake hardening
 - Good crash resistance (similar to AA5754)
- Typical applications
 - Door inner
 - Side wall
 - Crash relevant parts



Crash samples: Ac-300 T61 2.5mm gauge, $R_p \sim 220\text{MPa}$



CONCLUSION

Aluminium in Automotive Industry

- Aluminum growth depends on:
 - ✓ Regional availability - implemented supply chain;
 - ✓ Size of vehicle - OEMs strategy;
 - ✓ Economic business cases.
- Normal steps of evolution: casting - extruded - Rolled.
- More clear application in passengers cars but also good examples for trucks & trailers.
- Best in class platform: Always multi material strategy - best engineering approach.



THANK YOU

